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ACELEVEMENTS OF DOBRUDZEA COOPERATIVES

The Dobrudzha cooperative farm workers were very successful in 1951. Temporary and relation was introduced on 60 percent of Dobrudzha farms. The plans for spring and fall sowing and for sowing sorted seeds were exceeded. In 1951, more than 700,000 decares in Dobrudzha were harrowed, 67,000 decares of fall crops were fertilized with artificial fertilizers, and almost 660,000 decares were fertilized with horse manure. In the spring, 400,000 decares of sown land were weeded, and the preparation of 790,000 decares of soil was completed. Ten thousand decares, sown with sunflower, corn, and alfalfa, were twice fertilized artificially, while at present snow-retention operations have been completed on 74,000 [decares of] winter crops.

For the first time in the history of Dobrudzha, record grain yields were obtained not only in individual small sectors, but even in large areas. In Sokolovo, Balchik Okoliya, the cooperative members obtained an average of 200 kilograms of wheat per decare on 12,000 decares; in the farm workers' coopera-tive in Gurkovo, Balchik Okoliya, an average of 215 kilograms of wheat per decare was obtained on an area of 4,014 decares; and in the farm workers' cooperative rear Tolbukhin, 250 kilograms per decare were obtained from 4,550 decares. The Paskaley cooperative, Tolbukhin Okoliya, obtained an average of 220 kilograms of wheat par decare from an area of 10,500 decares. At the farm workers' cooperative, Tolbukhin Okoliya, obtained an average of 220 kilograms of wheat par decare from an area of 10,500 decares. At the farm workers' cooperative, Tolbukhin Okoliya, obtained an average of 220 kilograms of wheat par decare from an area of 10,500 decares. tive in Zurnevo, Tervel Okoliya, where Zielyasko Kutsarov, holder of the "Georgi Dimitivov" Order, is cheirman, an average of 500 kilograms of barley per decare was obtained from 110 decares and 300 kilograms per decare from 800 decares. Brigade Leader Kolyu Georgiev in Orlyak, Tervel Okoliya, obtained 220 kilograms of supplementations from 100 decares. Such record vields are to be found of sunflower per decare from 100 decares. Such record yields are to be found on many farms in Dobrudzha.

The breeds of cattle, sheep, and mares are being improved. In the current year, 1,557 new livestock farms were established in Dobrudzha.

In 1951, over \$40 new buildings were constructed in Dobrudzha at a total cost of 860 million leva, as well as 343 silage pits. In every village dozens of new homes are being built for cooperative workers.

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Some 100,000 Soviet tractors plow the soil of Dobrudzha farm workers' cooperative, and more than 360 new Soviet combines are used in gathering a recard crop.

Almost 300 agronomy study centers in Dobrudzha?7, attended by more than 7,500 compensative members, are teaching progressive Micharinist science. The use of stable menure and wood esh and the sowing of early spring crops is being started everywhere. The Shablensk Cooperative members were the first to sow the prescribed 4,000 decares in Dobrudzha with spring wheat.

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